I. AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims

Claims 1-31 (Cancelled).

Claim 32 (Previously Presented): A method of detecting the presence of an analyte in a sample, the method comprising:

contacting said sample with a pore assembly comprising one or more pore-subunit polypeptides sufficient to form a pore, the pore comprising at least a first channel, wherein at least one of said pore-subunit polypeptides is a modified pore-subunit polypeptide comprising a pore-subunit polypeptide covalently linked to an exogenous sensing moiety capable of preferentially binding with a specific analyte; and

detecting an electrical current through at least a first channel, wherein a modulation in current compared to a current measurement in a control sample lacking said analyte indicates the presence of said analyte in said sample.

Claim 33 (Original): The method of claim 32, wherein said electrical current is detected through a single channel.

Claim 34 (Original): The method of claim 32, wherein said electrical current is detected through at least two channels.

Claim 35 (Original): The method of claim 32, wherein said analyte is known.

Claim 36 (Original): The method of claim 32, wherein said analyte is unknown.

Claim 37 (Original): The method of claim 32, wherein said analyte is an oligonucleotide.

Claim 38 (Original): The method of claim 32, wherein the amount of said analyte in said sample is quantitated.

Application No. 09/781,697 Response to Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment Page 3 of 5

Claims 39-43 (Cancelled)

Claim 44 (Previously presented) The method of claim 32, wherein the exogenous sensing moiety is a polymer.

Claim 45 (Previously presented) The method of claim 32, wherein the exogenous sensing moiety is an oligonucleotide or a polynucleotide.

Claim 46 (Previously presented) The method of claim 32, wherein the exogenous sensing moiety is a single stranded DNA molecule.

Claim 47 (Previously presented) The method of claim 32, wherein the modified pore-subunit polypeptide is a pore-subunit polypeptide covalently linked to an oligonucleotide.

Claim 48 (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[46]] 47 wherein the modified pore-subunit polypeptide is a staphylococcal alpha hemolysin pore-subunit polypeptide covalently linked to an oligonucleotide.

Claim 49 (New) The method of claim 32, wherein the exogenous sensing moiety is an oligonucleotide and wherein the analyte comprises a polynucleic acid comprising a base sequence that is complementary to the exogenous sensing moiety.

Claim 50 (New): A method of detecting the presence of an analyte in a sample, wherein the analyte comprises a polynucleic acid comprising a specific base sequence, the method comprising:

contacting said sample with a pore assembly comprising one or more pore-subunit polypeptides sufficient to form a pore, the pore comprising at least a first channel, wherein at least one of said pore-subunit polypeptides is a modified pore-subunit polypeptide comprising a pore-subunit polypeptide covalently linked to an oligonucleotide, wherein the oligonucleotide

H: 563658(C2X6011.DOC)

Application No. 09/781,697 Response to Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment Page 4 of 5

comprises a base sequence that is complementary to said specific base sequence of said analyte; and

detecting an electrical current through at least a first channel, wherein a modulation in current compared to a current measurement in a control sample lacking said analyte indicates the presence of said analyte in said sample.

* * *

H: 563658(C2X6011.DOC) 4

Application No. 09/781,697 Response to Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment Page 5 of 5

The Examiner is invited to contact the undersigned patent agent at 713-787-1558 with any comments relating to the referenced patent application.

Respectfully submitted,

Raymond Reese Reg. No. 47,891

Patent Agent for Assignee

THE TEXAS A&M UNIVERSITY SYSTEM

Howrey Simon Arnold & White, LLP 750 Bering Drive Houston, Texas 77057-2198 (713) 787-1400

Date:

February 27, 2004